

repulsed two counterattacks. Here, among other prisoners, we captured the commander of a Bavarian regiment with his whole staff.

East of Oviliers a further advance has been made and our troops have fought their way to the outskirts of Pozieres.

"During the last forty-eight hours our aeroplanes have been much hampered by unfavorable weather. Throughout the whole of the 14th, the clouds were seldom at a higher altitude than 500 feet. Despite this drawback, much valuable work was done.

"In one of our bombing raids an enemy train was derailed and a coach overturned, while in the aerial combat, in the last twenty-four hours we destroyed three Fokkers, three biplanes and a double-engine aeroplane, and another Fokker to land in a damaged condition. All our machines returned safely to our lines."

VIOLENT ARTILLERY DUEL CONTINUES IN FLEURY SECTOR

PARIS, July 15.—A violent artillery duel continues in the Fleury sector, the War Office announced today. A German attack on a trench northeast of the Avocourt road was repulsed, the official statement asserts, and German attempts to undertake attacks in the Apremont forest were checked by a curtain fire.

The statement follows:

"On the left bank of the Meuse a German attack with hand grenades against one of our trenches northeast of the Avocourt road was repulsed.

"On the right bank of the river the artillery fighting was sustained and intense in the sector of the Fleury. We dispersed with infantry fire several reconnoitering parties of the enemy in Chaplure wood.

"In the forest of Apremont wood several attempts of the Germans to make attacks were broken up by our curtain of fire."

GERMANS FORCED BACK IN THIRD-LINE POSITIONS

LONDON, July 15.—The British offensive was resumed today. The War Office announced that at one point the Germans were forced back to their third-line positions. More than 2,000 prisoners were taken.

The statement from the front, timed 12:30 P. M., follows:

"All continues to go well on the British front, and at one point we forced the enemy back to his third system of defense, more than four miles to the rear of his original front trenches at Fricourt and Mametz.

"In the last twenty-four hours we have captured over 2,000 prisoners, including a regimental commander of the Third Guard Division, and the total number of prisoners taken by the British since the battle began now exceeds 10,000. Large quantities of war material also have fallen into our hands."

GERMANS RECAPTURE POSITIONS FROM RUSSIANS

BERLIN, July 15 (via London).—Parts of positions in the Skrobowa region, north of the Volhynian sector, which were taken from the Germans by the Russians on July 3, have been recaptured by German troops under Prince Leopold, the War Office announced today. More than 1,000 prisoners were taken.

BERLIN ADMITS GAIN OF TERRITORY BY BRITISH

BERLIN, July 15 (via London).—The continuation of the British attack on the German lines between Pozieres and Longueval resulted in their penetrating the German lines and effecting a gain of territory, the War Office announced today. The British also have occupied Trones wood. The fighting is continuing.

ITALIANS CARRY POSITIONS AT HEAD OF POSINA VALLEY

ROME, July 15 (via London).—Against strong Austrian resistance the Italians have carried strong positions at the head of the Posina Valley, according to the official statement given out today. Italian successes in the Tofana region continue.

CONSIDERATION OF NAVAL PROGRAM AGAIN DELAYED

Weeks Charges That Attempts Are Being Made to Infect Politics Into Line of Navy.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Consideration of the naval program in the Senate was postponed in the Senate today, but will be taken up Monday.

Senator Borah forced out a provision to permit the President in time of war, or when war is imminent, to compel firms, manufacturers or individuals to produce such materials as the country needs. When President Marshall sustained his point in order that it was general legislation in an appropriation bill.

Charges that attempts were being made to infect politics into the line of the navy were made by Senator Weeks during an unsuccessful fight against a provision to permit the secretary to designate annually thirty civilians for ten years to positions in the engineering departments of the navy with the rank of ensign.

This is the first step toward injecting politics into the line of the navy," said the Senator, "and I do not want to see it taken. We have had politics in the army, but never in the navy." Senator Nelson protested against the charge.

Only four to five Senators voted with Senator Weeks against the amendment.

HOUSE IN FAVOR OF STUDY OF RAILROAD PROBLEM

Newlands Joint Resolution Passes Without Record Vote—Returns to Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The Newlands joint resolution passed by the Senate last February, creating a joint subcommittee from the membership of the Senate and House, to investigate road problems, including government ownership and regulation and necessity of further legislation, was adopted by the House today with a record vote. The study of the situation was one of the things recommended by President Wilson in his message to the opening of Congress.

Minor amendments added by the House will make it necessary to send the resolution back to the Senate before it goes to the President.

The resolution authorizes inquiry into desirability of government ownership of all public utilities, including telegraph, wireless, telephone, express companies and railroads engaged in interstate and foreign commerce. A House amendment requires a report to Congress by the second Monday in January next. The commission is empowered to sit during recesses of Congress and an appropriation of \$21,000 is carried for its expense.

CALLS ON PROGRESSIVES TO NAME NEW CANDIDATES

Vice-Presidential Nominee Parker Wants Another National Convention of Party.

FIXES CHICAGO, ON AUGUST 5

Will Not Support Either Wilson or Hughes—Favors Substituting American Eagle for Bull Moose as Emblem.

NEW ORLEANS, July 15.—A statement and call to "the patriotic men and women of America" to hold a national convention of the Progressive party in Chicago on August 5 and nominate candidates for President and Vice-President and continue the party's existence as a distinct political organization was issued here tonight by John M. Parker, vice-presidential nominee of the Progressive convention held in Chicago last June. He urges the Progressives to "eternally bury" the Bull Moose, which, he asserts, "led his loyal followers into the wilderness," and to adopt in its place the American eagle as the emblem of the party.

Mr. Parker does not mention Colonel Roosevelt or any other Progressive leaders or any candidates by name. He declares, however, that the Progressives had as supposed leaders "red-blooded Americans, who promised with their 'life blood' to stay with the party to the finish," but that the party had been deserted by a large part of its officers, who could not stand the acid test. He charges the leaders, for "steam-roller reasons, have elected to be steam-rollered," and that the time has come when every party working for human welfare and the future of America should unite against both dominant parties.

In criticizing the Republican party the statement indirectly refers to Charles E. Hughes, Republican candidate for Vice-President, as "a splendid man," selected by the Republicans "as the mask behind which they hope to again secure control of State and nation."

WILLING TO WITHDRAW AS PROGRESSIVE CANDIDATE

Mr. Parker declares he does not want office, and states his willingness to withdraw as the Progressive candidate for Vice-President and labor in the ranks and on the stump to prove his loyalty to Progressive principles. His inclusion of women in the call is taken to mean that the party is to be unreservedly pledged for woman suffrage, and that the women voters in the suffrage States are invited to join the Progressive party and work for its success in the coming election.

Mr. Parker, in commenting tonight on his statement, declared publicly for the first time that he would not support either Woodrow Wilson or Charles E. Hughes for the presidency.

"For President Wilson and Mr. Hughes, as individuals, I have the highest regard and admiration," he said, "but, considered as leaders of the party whose machines are the actual factors to be reckoned with, I could not conscientiously give them my support or acquiescence in turning over to either of them the entire loyal membership of the Progressive organization, who have opposed many things the dominant parties have advocated."

ISSUES CALL TO PATRIOTIC MEN AND WOMEN OF AMERICA

Mr. Parker's statement, in part, is as follows:

To the Patriotic Men and Women of America:

The Progressive party was born of a purpose, which purpose exists today for reasons now stronger than at that party's birth. It was born of Americanism and the call for Americanism was never greater or more necessary than today.

We had as supposed leaders "red-blooded Americans" who promised with their "life blood" to stay with the party to the finish, but, for steam-roller reasons, they have elected to be steam-rollered, and in depriving us of our commissioned officers have thought of inevitable surrender must follow. This is wrong, for the rank and file of the Progressives are men who joined that party, not with the idea of political aggrandizement, but with a view of helping and of raising the prestige of the nation, as a nation, standing for fair play to everybody, favoritism to none, and on this platform we stand today before the country.

The Progressive ship has been deserted by a large part of our officers. They could not stand the acid test. Their assurance "never to abandon the principles to which we Progressives pledged ourselves," never to alter their solemn "contract with the people," proved empty words, a mere scrap of paper.

The Bull Moose led his loyal fol-

lowers into the wilderness—and there deserted them. Let us eternally bury their emblem and adopt as the new emblem of the Progressive party the national bird, the American eagle, which will always be a patriotic inspiration to look upward and a constant reminder to be true to those sterling principles which have made America great and brought to this country the bravest and most adventurous spirits of the Old World. These and their descendants are truly loyal and patriotic Americans.

"The old parties are husks, with no real soul within either." The past four years have emphasized this truth. We fought for our convictions in 1912. We were right then, and are doubly right now.

PROGRESSIVES FEARLESSLY FIGHT IN THE OPEN

Neither star-chamber methods nor steam-roller are the creed of true Progressives. We fearlessly fight in the open. We have put the rights of the people above the power of the dollar. More than any party, we have worked for human welfare and public interest.

The National Progressive Convention delegated to the national committee the right to fill any vacancy that might occur. This was a mandate to the national committee, with which we were in honor bound to comply.

The gentleman elected as President in 1905 was a clean-cut, splendid character, whose long and useful public life was unmarred by a single stain. He could not resist the power of the machine, which, being in supreme control, so stirred the anger of the nation that but two States supported the dominant political party in 1912.

After four years we find that same party hungry for influence, office and power, again selecting a splendid man as the mask behind which they hope to again secure control of State and nation.

For fifty years, not patriotic statesmen, but political leaders, have utilized the Southern vote to give them an absolute grip on national affairs and enable the Republican party, through its political bosses, to nominate whom it pleases, controlling that party by

Impaled From Horse by British Cavalry

German Forces Attacked as Might Have Been Done in Napoleonic Wars.

BRITISH FRONT IN FRANCE, July 15 (via London).—After the breach was made in the second German line yesterday, cavalry detachments, English and Indian, for the first time had the reward of their year's wait since trench warfare began. They went straight in the face of the Germans, who were forming a new defense line between the strong points of High wood and Delville wood, which the British infantry was attacking.

It was 7:30 in the evening when they rode forth from the cover where they were awaiting orders to cross the fields, after their patrols had felt the way, with clear going ahead, and behind them the demolished trenches of the first and second lines and an area of shell holes, which made difficult the progress to their rendezvous. Infantrymen who witnessed the sight could hardly believe their eyes.

When some Germans with automatic rifles, which are virtually portable machine guns, blazed from a wheatfield, the Dragon Guards set their lances and charged, wheeled and rode back through them, as might have been done in the Napoleonic wars. Thus, for the first time in eighteen months of continuous warfare on the western front, with its continuous bayoneting, bombing, machine-gunning and shelling, an enemy was impaled from a horse.

The surviving Germans, who had not forgotten their drill, tried to receive the horsemen in their sweep back with the bayonet.

At another point, as the cavalry swept across the wheat fields, the surprise of the Germans was as manifest as if some apparition had appeared.

The cavalry went ahead until they found the infantry had not yet taken Delville and High wood, and were signaled to fall back and dig in until relieved by the infantry. They brought back more than thirty prisoners—the survivors after their charges.

At one time, when a machine gun was troubling them, a British aviator in a monoplane, flying at a height of 300 feet, circled four times as he poured the contents of his machine gun into the Germans.

One division, whose loss was only one man in the capture of a section of the second line on its front, was not so happy as the cavalrymen, who at last had seen action.

Lower into the wilderness—and there deserted them. Let us eternally bury their emblem and adopt as the new emblem of the Progressive party the national bird, the American eagle, which will always be a patriotic inspiration to look upward and a constant reminder to be true to those sterling principles which have made America great and brought to this country the bravest and most adventurous spirits of the Old World. These and their descendants are truly loyal and patriotic Americans.

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For fifty years, not patriotic statesmen, but political leaders, have utilized the Southern vote to give them an absolute grip on national affairs and enable the Republican party, through its political bosses, to nominate whom it pleases, controlling that party by

means of hand-picked delegates from a section where there is no chance to secure a single Republican elector.

ALL ON HECTOR REPORTED SAFE AT CHARLESTON (Continued From First Page.)

before all telephones will be repaired and all fallen trees removed here. There was some crop damage in this section, and while no accurate estimates are available, it was not thought to be as heavy as first reported.

NORTH CAROLINA STREAMS OVERFLOW THEIR BANKS

CHARLOTTE, N. C., July 15.—A rainfall of 3.93 inches, the greatest for a single twenty-four hour period by the Weather Bureau here, caused the rivers in this section to reach flood-tide and creeks and small streams to overflow their banks to-day. The highest previous record was 4.85 inches, on May 18, 1886. The rain was accompanied by a high wind that uprooted trees and beat down crops, causing great damage to farmers of this section.

Railroad traffic was interfered with, passenger trains on some lines being ten hours late. Several washouts are reported. All trains between Salisbury and Asheville are annulled on that account. The Catawba River, on which the Southern Power Company has a half dozen hydro-electric power plants, to-night was within a foot of the highest tide on record for that stream, although thus far none of the power plants has been reported damaged.

Unprecedented rainfall of nine inches during twenty-four hours on Friday and Friday night in the vicinity of Florence, S. C., has completely blocked the main line of the Atlantic Coast Line, north of Florence, and it is impossible, on account of several washouts caused by the floods, to make transfer of passengers.

Trains are turned back and all through trains are now being detoured from Parkersburg, south of Fayetteville, over the branch lines, via Bennettsville and Sumter. The line between Florence and Charleston also is blocked with trains from Sumter being taken over the Augusta branch to Denmark and thence over the Southern Railway to Charleston.

Superintendent of Transportation J. T. King stated late to-night that he expected to have the main line open to traffic by Sunday noon.

HURRICANE DISAPPEARS IN N. C. MOUNTAINS

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The Carolina coast hurricane disappeared after reaching the North Carolina mountains, the Weather Bureau announced to-day. Rains continued in Western North Carolina and Southwest Virginia. The tropical disturbance located early this week apparently is some distance north of Santo Domingo, but reports are too meager to warrant attempts to determine its intensity and exact location.

duced. But the present law requires intending candidates to file notice of candidacy sixty days prior to the holding of the primary, and it will therefore be too late for aspirants in this contest to take part in the congressional primary of next month.

Two courses are open to the district committee. It may direct the holding of a special primary, in which case it may fix as the date for the special primary the date of the regular primary, which will take place on August 1. The alternative plan would be to order a district convention. The latter plan, it is believed, is the one more likely to be chosen. Judge Duke of Charlottesville, is chairman of the district committee, and he is expected to call the committee together in the next day or two for the purpose of acting on this matter.

While the Democratic forces have for years been in unquestioned ascendancy in the Seventh District, the Republicans have always maintained an efficient organization. The minority party, it has been reported, will probably nominate former State Senator John Paul of Rockingham, as its candidate for the House of Representatives from this district.

NOTIFICATION OF WILSON AT SHADOW LAWN IN AUGUST

Exact Date of Ceremonies Will Be Decided at Conference in Washington on Monday.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] WASHINGTON, July 15.—Vance C. McCormick, Democratic national chairman, announced to-day that President Wilson will be formally notified of his renomination for re-election at Shadow Lawn, N. J., the first week in August. The exact date was decided on Monday at a conference with President Wilson. Mr. McCormick left this afternoon for his home at Harrisburg, Pa., and will return early on Monday.

While in Washington Mr. McCormick conferred with Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels, Postmaster-General Josephus Daniels, and Acting Secretary of State Frank L. Polk. He said the personnel of the Democratic executive committee would not be announced for some time, as there is no hurry, "because as yet the Republicans have not spoken."

Mr. Hughes has "the arithmetical conception of politics," one of President Wilson's foremost political advisers declared to-day.

He said Mr. Hughes has lost prestige by coolly calculating that the addition of the Taft and Roosevelt votes and the subtraction therefrom of the Wilson vote will give him the election. Mr. Hughes, he said, was proceeding on that assumption without taking into consideration "the fact that between 200,000 and 1,000,000 Democrats voted for Roosevelt and 300,000 or 400,000 Republicans voted for Wilson in 1912."

President Wilson, his adviser said, will go much further than Mr. Hughes to win the vast Progressive vote throughout the country.

VILLA RECENTLY SEEN IN STATE OF DURANGO

Residents of Torreón Report Bandit Leader Led Forces Into Town of Mapimi.

EAGLE PASS, TEXAS, July 15.—Francisco Villa was seen in Mapimi, State of Durango, on June 16, by a resident of Torreón, according to advice received here to-day from the latter place. Mapimi was occupied by the Villa forces without resistance, the information stated, and also the town of Bermejillo.

The report told of an engagement between Villa followers and de facto government troops at Parral, saying the Villistas entered the town with cries of "Viva Felix Diaz."

On July 10, Villa forces were attacking the city of Durango, and an attack on Torreón was expected at any time.

The report added that the de facto government troops under General Camilo Reyes, sent to Parral on July 7, had defeated to Villa.

Around Torreón the people are subsisting, it is said, on mesquite beans and prickly pear.

Representative Moss Dead.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Representative Hunter Holmes Moss, of the Fourth West Virginia District, died at Atlantic City, N. J., to-day, after a long illness from cancer of the stomach. He is survived by a widow and three children.

Wilson in Virginia Waters.

OLD POINT COMFORT, VA., July 15.—The naval yacht Mayflower, with the President, Mrs. Wilson and a party of relatives on a week-end trip from Washington, was to-night in lower Chesapeake Bay. The vessel did not come into Hampton Roads. The Mayflower anchored late last night in Tandler Sound, halfway up Chesapeake Bay.

NORFOLK FACES EPIDEMIC OF TYPHOID FEVER

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] NORFOLK, VA., July 15.—With seventy-four cases of typhoid fever reported to 10 o'clock to-night, Norfolk is face to face with an epidemic. Thirteen cases were reported since early last night. The city health department has been advising inoculation for the past few days, and is now preparing to treat all applicants free. Scores of people are leaving for mountain resorts every day, and the distress among the poorer classes is great.

KILLS HIS NEIGHBOR

J. A. Terry, After Fatally Wounding John H. Stewart, Fires Shot Into His Own Head.

GREENSBORO, N. C., July 15.—John R. Stewart, a prominent and wealthy citizen of Guilford County, residing nine miles from this place, was shot and fatally wounded late to-day by J. A. Terry, a neighbor. At the time of the shooting Stewart was milking

Say, if she's waiting for you up in the country we have the necessary togs you'll require.

A Blue Serge Suit at \$22 that is a winner.

White Flannel or Serge Trousers, \$5 up.

A nice cool gray two-piece Suit at \$14.

And the Silk Shirts, Ties and Socks.

Everything to perfect your appearance.

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Thrift Campaigns are now on all over the land, the lesson of saving cannot be taught soon nor too often. Your money earns compound interest with us.

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And at this store we are ready to meet and greet the popular demand of the day with Pumps, Oxfords and Boots in WHITE, whose lines are undeniably fetching and smart.

White Buckskin Oxfords, with ivory soles and covered Cuban heels\$4.65

White Linen Canvas Oxfords, with turn and welted soles; all styles of heels,\$2.50 to \$4.50

White Linen Canvas Pumps, in a variety of patterns; made with turn soles and flexible welt soles, covered heels and low heels\$2.50 to \$5.00

White Linen Canvas Boots\$4.50

White Calf and Kid Lace Boots\$8.00

Complete Showing of New Silk Hose.

F.W. Dabney & Co. BROAD AT FIFTHS

All Sizes And Widths, AAA's Down.

“The Safest Executor” way

is the up-to-date way of eliminating uncertainties from the administration of estates. The custom of naming a personal friend or business associate is largely becoming a thing of the past.

With perpetual existence and strong financial responsibility, together with broad experience in Trust matters, this institution is the ideal Executor or Trustee.

Give your heirs the advantage of its experience in conserving the resources of your estate by making a Will and naming as Executor,

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The Strongest Trust Co. in the South Atlantic States

Capital and Surplus, Two Million Dollars.

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For Making Quotations, Price Lists and Circular Letters.

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Mlle. Verlet

of the Paris Opera, famed Belgian Coloratura Soprano, is but one of the great artists who have proved by direct comparison that Edison's new art recreates all forms of music so exactly that the hearer is deceived from the original.

"Audience did not know whether the music came from her or the instrument."—Syracuse Post-Standard, October 9, 1915.

Hear Edison's Recreation of Mlle. Verlet's Voice in Our Parlors.

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Broad at Second—Richmond, Va.

“I Have Ended Corns Forever”

Our chief chemist, years ago, came to us and said: "I have found a way to wipe out corns forever."

We doubted it, as you do. But he had studied corns 25 years, so we tested his invention.

We supplied it to doctors, to hospitals, to experts on corns. One application ended 91 per cent of the corns. All the rest disappeared after two or three applications.

So we adopted his discovery, and called the treatment Blue-jay.

Since then, this gentle wax, applied in a plaster, has ended 70 million corns.

Blue-jay is applied in a jiffy. It stops the pain instantly. You never think of the corn after that.

In 48 hours the corn disappears, without soreness.

New corns may come if you wear tight shoes. But they never can pain you if you use Blue-jay. And they never can stay.

So Blue-jay means freedom from corns. It has brought that to millions and it will to you.

Quit the harsh, uncertain methods and try this one once.

Blue-jay Ends Corns

15c and 25c at Druggists

BAUER & BLACK, Chicago and New York

Makers of Surgical Dressings, etc.

The Best Way

You don't want to save your money SOME way, ANY old way—you want to save it the BEST way.

Don't overrate your own shrewdness. You may know a LOT, but you don't know as much as the combined wisdom of the WORLD.

The SAVINGS BANK system is a natural GROWTH. It represents the EXPERIENCE and INTELLIGENCE of the human race.

No better, safer and easier way of saving money has EVER been devised than depositing it with—

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THE OLDEST and STRONGEST SAVING BANK IN THE SOUTH.

Interest on Deposits.